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FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIAL

Hussein back home from talks with Assad

AMMAN, Oct. 21 (Agencies) — King Hussein returned here Sunday after a brief visit to Syria and talks with President Hafez Assad on the latest developments in the Middle East.

Informed sources said Hussein briefed the Syrians on the outcome of his talks with European officials and French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing.

In return, the sources said, Assad briefed Hussein and his accompanying delegation on the results of his visit to the Soviet Union last week.

It is understood Assad held talks with Kremlin leaders in an effort to procure more up to date Soviet weapons, especially more sophisticated warplanes with which to confront U.S.-made F-15s flown by the Israeli air force.

The official Jordanian news agency said the visit was part of continuing consultations between Jordan and Syria.

Hussein was accompanied by Prime Minister Modar Badran, Chief of the Royal Cabinet Sharif Abdul Hamid Sherif and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Hassan Ibrahim.

Abdullah meets Talhoum

Meanwhile, Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah Sunday conferred with Jordanian Ambassador to Saudi Arabia Tharwat Al-Talhoum. Talks dealt with relations between Saudi Arabia and Jordan.

Ali, Weizman conclude talks on withdrawal

CAIRO, Oct. 21 (R) — Egyptian Defense Minister Gen. Kamal Hassan Ali ended a first round of talks with his Israeli counterpart, Defense Minister Ezer Weizman, Sunday on the final phase of Israel's withdrawal from two thirds of the Sinai in January.

An Egyptian military spokesman described the talks, which lasted one hour, as constructive. He added that before the two delegations met in full session Ali and Weizman held a 15-minute private meeting.

The two men also discussed details of Israel's handing over of Saint Catherine's Monastery on Mount Sinai and reviewed the withdrawal phases completed so far, he said.

Another topic was United States proposals for supervising their peace treaty arrangements in Sinai.

Weizman was to be Ali's dinner guest Sunday night and will spend three days sightseeing in Upper Egypt and Alexandria before holding a final session of talks Thursday.

News of Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan's resignation came after Sunday's meeting ended and neither defense minister was available for comments.

Earlier Sunday, Ali, who embraced and kissed Weizman on arrival, told an airport press conference there had been no problems in the past and there would be no problems in the future between the armed forces of their two countries on the implementation of their peace treaty.

"I am quite sure the peace process in the Middle East will continue and nobody can afford to stop it," Ali said.

Weizman, standing beside him, said there were a few problems "but for the good of the two countries and for the good of the whole area the achievement and advance of peace is a must."

He was apparently referring to continuing deep differences between Egypt and Israel on the question of autonomy for the 1.2 million Palestinians on the Jordan West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

The talks were expected to deal only with details of Israel's withdrawal from Sinai. By Jan. 26 Egypt will have recovered two thirds of the desert peninsula along a line running from El-Arish on the Mediterranean to Ras Mohammed at the Northern end of the Red Sea.

One month later the two countries will exchange ambassadors.

By mid-November this year Egypt will have recovered Saint Catherine's Monastery and the rich El-Tor oil fields.

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GRADUATION: Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan Sunday attended the graduation of officers, non-commissioned officers and aircraftsmen from the Air Defense School here. (Story page two)



Boys banned from selling newspapers

RIYADH, Oct. 21 (SPA) — Newsboys will no longer be allowed to sell papers at street corners, Interior Minister Prince Naif ordered Sunday, citing dangers from traffic to the youths.

He said the youths could be hit by cars, and were also subject to sunstroke.

In addition, he said, youths might use the job of selling newspapers as a pretext for loitering in the streets and leaving their homes.

Prince Naif said he had asked Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abd Al-Yamani to insist to newspaper shops and newsgroups that they not use youths to sell their papers but instead limit distribution to bookstores and special distribution points like kiosks in public squares and areas where traffic is not impeded.

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Naif, Fawaz visit today

Officials to inspect Mecca security

JEDDAH, Oct. 21 — Interior Minister Prince Naif and Governor of Mecca Prince Fawaz will inspect security installations and Pilgrimage security forces in Mecca Monday.

SPA reported Sunday that they will also inspect traffic projects in the Holy Places, as well as the Public Security Hospital in Mecca and the operations room at the Public Security headquarters in Mecca.

The rooms cover the Western Region.

Prince Naif and Prince Fawaz will also visit the telecommunications center at the operations room, which covers the whole Kingdom, and will inspect Civil Defense units participating in this year's Pilgrimage security plan.

Their tour will take in a helicopter base built especially for Pilgrimage operations in Daqun Al-Waber. Its officers and men will give a special display for the two princes.

They will also inspect National Guard support troops helping traffic control activities at the Holy Places.

According to *Al-Bilad* meanwhile, the rate of arrival of pilgrims at Jeddah airport in the past two days has climbed to 24,000 per day. Similarly, arrivals by sea and by road have increased.

Jeddah airport had registered 429 landings daily in the past two days. But the figure is still below that of the corresponding day last year, which was 461.

The government departments

the Pilgrimage sites.

It was officially announced in Riyadh that the General Directorate of Posts will issue commemorative stamps of 20 and 50 halalas for the Pilgrimage next Sunday.

The new stamp will bear a picture of the Holy Kaaba.

Last week, the directorate issued a commemorative stamp of 20 and 50 halalas denominations for the installation of the new golden door of the Holy Kaaba.

SPA also reported Monday that two tunnels have been built at Mina to enable pedestrians to reach Jamarat and Awdah without difficulty.

Two tunnels for cars were constructed in the same area to complete King Khaled Bridge and keep cars away from the Jamarat area.

Director General of Mina Development Project Abdul Aziz Gbandourah said that those tunnels were part of the overall SR2.9 billion project which began in 1975.

He added that pedestrian bridges were set up on Aziziah road, including one which is a continuation of the tunnel of King Khaled Bridge and King Faisal Bridge at Muzdalefah, which diverts traffic from any lane linking the Holy Sites to another lane.

Gbandourah said that a network of huge water reservoirs had been completed which could store 230,000 cubic meters of water for Arafat and Mina.

Among the most important plans for the coming three years at Mina will be the Prince Fahd Street project, from Mina to Sheik Amer in Mecca to ease the movement between Mecca and the Holy Places. Including compensation for expropriation, the project is to cost about SR700 million.

He added that there are other projects, including the construction of a new pedestrian subway, lavatories and public services under roads.

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Prince Naif

dealing with the entry of pilgrims have reinforced their staff to ensure better services.

The Ministry of Pilgrimage and Endowments has despatched more personnel to its office at the pilgrim terminals at Jeddah airport and Jeddah port to help and guide pilgrims in each areas as accommodation, travel agencies and ticket offices. The staff works round the clock in eight-hour shifts.

SPA meanwhile reported that Col. Rajaa Al-Harbi, deputy commander of the Pilgrimage Security Force Saturday met with traffic officers and police to explain the traffic plan.

The commanders of all the supporting forces, including the National Guard and the College of Internal Security Forces, attended the meeting.

In a related development, three ships carrying 3,645 pilgrims from Egypt and India arrived at Jeddah port Sunday. Three others are expected to anchor Monday with nearly 2,000 pilgrims from Yemen and Pakistan and 1,500 from Somalia on board.

Muhammad Said Matbouli, director of the port's Pilgrimage department, said Monday is the last day for the arrival of pilgrim ships. His department receives pilgrims, lodges them at the Sea Pilgrims City and takes them to

JEDDAH, Oct. 21 — Riyadh Public Security departs 500 illegal aliens every month, and an intensified campaign to round up others will be launched after the Pilgrimage.

Brig. Muhammad ibn Ayish, director of Riyadh Public Security, was quoted Sunday as saying that the police were successful in their drive against illegal residents, but members of the public conniving at their presence were not being helped.

He said companies that hire foreign workers and then allow them to work for others will be punished.

At Air Defense School

Sultan sees graduation

JEDDAH, Oct. 21 (SPA) — Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan Sunday attended a graduation ceremony at the Air Defense School here. The class of officers, non-commissioned officers and aircraftmen included 43 cadets from Bahrain.

The school's commandant, Col. Hussain Saber, RSAF, said the school has so far held 54 courses for 275 officers and 152 missile courses for 2,482 officers, non-commissioned officers and air-craftsmen, in addition to 122 courses in English language for 2,332 officers and non-commissioned officers.

Prince Sultan distributed prizes and certificates.

Mecca meeting presses introduction of Sharia

MECCA, Oct. 21 (SPA) — The Constituent Assembly of the Muslim World League has urged all Islamic governments to enforce the Oneness of God.

It concluded its 21st session Saturday, attended by League Secretary-General Sheikh Muhammad Ali Al-Harakan and presided over by Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Baz, chairman of the Board of Religious Guidance.

Sheikh Abdul Aziz said afterward that the assembly discussed Muslim causes in Uganda, Eritrea and other places, and recommended that Muslim minorities everywhere be supported. It also

500 deported every month in Riyadh

He expressed appreciation of the government's strong support for the League, which enabled it to promote its Islamic activities in the best interest of Islam and Muslims.

JEDDAH, Oct. 21 — A man identified only as a Yemeni was killed near Bab Sherif here Saturday, in a fight with another Yemeni.

According to *Al-Medina* Sunday passersby saw the two men argue heatedly and start a fight. One of them drew a knife and stabbed the other to death. Police were alerted. They rounded up suspects before identifying the alleged assailant, who apparently confessed.

Yemeni stabbed in Jeddah street

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Riyadh U governors help students meet accommodation cost

ment at the directorate, said a modern library and building for the industrial institute in Damman were also completed, at a cost of SR119 million. He said work was under way on a school for boys blind and another for girls deaf, in addition to other schools in the Eastern Province, at a cost of SR202 million.

In Riyadh, Education Minister Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Khuwair discussed with visiting UNICEF Regional Director Francois Remy children's care in Saudi Arabia. Discussion were also held on cooperation between the Kingdom and the Fund.

Remy is here on a four-day visit. He has toured a maternity and child care hospital and he will visit other medical and social institutions.

Visa department works over Eid

JEDDAH, Oct. 21 — The Passport Department here will work through the Eid Al-Adha holidays. Capt. Muhammad Awad Khail, director of passports, was quoted Sunday as saying that 1,500 residence permits a day were being issued, in addition to temporary pilgrimage permits. Pilgrimage permits enable their travel to Mecca and Medina and expiring at the end of the Pilgrimage.

WEATHER

It will remain cloudy or partially cloudy in most parts thundersheds possible in the western and south-western highlands. It will generally be unsettled.

Winds will be active to moderate and southerly to south-westerly. They may be active, causing thick sand storms in the northern and central regions.

Conditions in the Red Sea will be medium to rough and moderate in the Gulf.

Sunday's temperatures (Maximum, minimum in centigrade)

	36	27	34	22
Mecca	32	26	32	21
Jeddah	35	23	38	20
Riyadh	36	20	35	21
Dhahran	26	20	28	23
Medina	26	21	26	19
Taif	26	21	25	19



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Algoosaibi cites several items

'Industry meets consumer demand'

JEDDAH, Oct. 21 — Minister of Industry and Electricity Dr. Ghazi Algoosaibi is satisfied with the Kingdom's progress in consumer industries.

He told *Al-Riyadh* in an interview published Sunday that "we are self sufficient in a number of items."

"As we start our industrial projects in Jubail and Yanbu," he said, "we shall also be entering an era of basic industries which will lead us to self-sufficiency before we go on to export our products."

In the Kingdom's development, as in that of the entire Third World, technology transfer was the "fundamental challenge."

He said that Saudi Arabia had taken some steps to facilitate the transfer of technology and has been making use of foreign technology in developing its petroleum resources.

The country could not set up large industries without the participation of foreign companies and organizations which have proven abilities and experience in international markets.

"If we reduce our dependence

on imports by creating our own industries we would put an end to price rises and fluctuations," he said.

The government had been encouraging the formation of joint ventures between Saudi oil producing countries and foreign companies by removing tax barriers for industrial projects.

On using oil for industrial development, the minister said his government had agreed to give foreign companies engaged in projects at Jubail and Yanbu priority in buying Saudi Arabian oil in proportion to their commitments to the projects.

Algoosaibi said Arab states had plans for industrial development by using local capital and raw materials and foreign know-how, although their approaches differed because of varying circumstances and political systems.

"Here we believe that we cannot launch large scale projects without foreign participation. It can be of great value to us because of the involvement of companies with extensive experience in the international markets. We do not

try to impose our system on others because we believe that if in the end the varying systems lead to the creation of an Arab industrial base, it is all right.

The trend to develop petrochemical industries in Arab oil producing countries has been noticeable over the last few years.

There have been doubts in the industrialized world about the feasibility of such projects but the trend continues, with encouraging signs, he said.

He said fertilizer plants in Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are successful.

The aluminum plant in Bahrain is making handsome profits, and there are iron and steel plants in Qatar. More will be done soon "because those who produce the oil deserve to build oil-based industries more than others."

The paper said that South Korea and Taiwan have expressed their willingness to cooperate with the Arab world on better terms than the West. What does the Kingdom think about this?

Algoosaibi replied that the government has drawn up a set of rules for dealing with foreign

companies. One of these is that they should be technologically sound and experienced in the particular industries for which they are chosen, willing to get involved and "to train our boys, not just to sell us equipment."

"Within these rules we go ahead and cooperate with companies regardless of their nationalities."

He said Saudi Arabia will set up a fertilizer plant in cooperation with a National Chinese company, and various industries with South Korean firms.

British firm to supply drain trucks

Special to Arab News

LONDON, Oct. 21 — Municipal authorities in Mecca and Jeddah have placed orders for 36 British-built road tankers to be used in servicing drainage systems.

The \$1.5 million order is to be delivered to the authorities by Whata Tankers Ltd. by the end of January, with half going to Mecca and half to Jeddah.

A spokesman for the Solihull, West Midlands firm said the new trucks will prove to be a significant help to both cities in cleaning out blocked drainage systems.

Sixteen of them will be the firm's 'Combination' gully emptier/sewer jetties which are claimed to have important advantages in drain-emptying work.

The next, and final phase, the development of an urban plan, will begin early next year, according to company officials. This will be the most ambitious part of the project, involving actual design work and specific recommendations for land use.

The urban plan will effectively mean the introduction of zoning and planned growth in the Eastern Province — radical innovations in this country, but CH2M-Hill officials are quick to point out that the intended zoning will not be rigid.

"The culture here really necessitates mixed use areas," says one consultant at the Dammam office.

"Rigid zoning separating commercial and living areas simply wouldn't work."

Construction, illumination

Mosque tenders invited

and 27 other mosques are planned for Asir.

Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments is to invite tenders from local firms for construction and illumination of mosques, it was announced here Sunday.

The new Mukhtars Mosque and the Qarah Mosque in Jouf are to be built at a cost of SR1,824,000 and SR1,504,000.

The third group will be sent abroad under a Ministry of Agriculture and Water program for training farmers in modern methods both inside and outside the Kingdom, according to a ministry official quoted in *Al-Riyadh* Sunday.

The second group is now being selected. They will be cattle, goat

and chicken farmers, and they will be sent to Denmark.

Their program includes theoretical and practical training, a visit to the Danish Agricultural Council, a visit to the Nordic Agricultural College and seeing round farms and factories.

The fourth group will be sent abroad under a Ministry of Agriculture and Water program for training farmers in modern methods both inside and outside the Kingdom, according to a ministry official quoted in *Al-Riyadh* Sunday.

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Iran cabinet holds meeting as Mahabad clashes kill 74

TEHRAN, Oct. 21 (Agencies) — The Iranian cabinet was meeting Sunday to discuss the Kurdish crisis after a day of violence in the former rebel capital of Mahabad where more than 74 persons were reported killed and injured.

State radio said the cabinet was discussing the results of a peace mission to Kurdistan by Provincial Affairs Minister Dariush Forouhar.

But a special representative of revolutionary leader Ayatollah Khomeini accused the banned Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP)

of launching a wave of attacks that coincided with the peace moves.

The official news agency Pars quoted the representative, Hojalehsam Hossein Kermani, as saying he had reports of 74 casualties in Saturday's Mahabad violence in which the rebels used heavy weapons and fought house-to-house against government forces.

Official sources in Mahabad said Sunday the city was in the hands of KDP militants although there were no armed guerrillas in the streets.

The sources said army and revolutionary guard forces were confined in their barracks while other government forces were still maintaining a blockade of all main roads into the town.

Residents said the guerrillas had taken the local radio and television, although its equipment had already been put out of action and could not broadcast.

Kermani Sunday described the situation in Kurdistan as critical and reiterated an amnesty pledge given by Khomeini that ordinary members of the KDP would receive a written guarantee of their freedom if they turned in their arms to government forces.

Sharm el-Sheikh, a tourist spot because of its nearly permanent sunny and hot weather, will be returned to Egypt in March 1982 in the final Israeli withdrawal from Sinai.

Mahabad called for the withdrawal of revolutionary guards from the town. It blamed them for carrying out massacres and destroying property.

Copies of the telegram were sent to a number of embassies in Tehran, including those of France, West Germany, Britain and the Soviet Union.

In the meantime, an Iranian human rights organization Saturday accused the authorities of torturing suspects, carrying out executions after summary trials and holding 1,500 prisoners in the country's jails.

A report issued by the Association of Political Prisoners of Iran, set up after the Shah's regime, said: "Our information indicates that prisons all over Iran...are full of men and women who have been detained and imprisoned, accused of membership of political organizations... The number of these people is over 1,500."

The association said the harshest punishment had been dealt out to militants in the Kurdish region and among the minority Arab population of southern Khuzestan province.

"The totality of the information indicates that the condition of the political prisoners is not different to what it was under the cruel regime of Muhammad Reza Shah," the report said.

It claimed that some 130 people had been executed on political grounds.



MEETS PRESS: Turkey's opposition leader and chief of the Justice Party Suleyman Demirel at a press conference in Ankara last week after his party scored wins in the country's by-elections. Behind him is a photo of him campaigning. After a meeting with the Turkish president Friday, Demirel said Turkey needs "a harmonious government" to deal with the grave problems facing the country.

Suleyman Demirel urges 'harmonious cabinet'

ANKARA, Oct. 21 (AP) — Turkey's chief opposition leader Suleyman Demirel says Turkey needs "a harmonious government" to cope with grave problems facing the nation.

Demirel spoke to reporters after an hour-long meeting with President Fahri Koruturk Friday, four days after the resignation of Premier Bulent Ecevit's 21-month-old government.

Ecevit, as leader of Turkey's largest party, has been asked by the president to form a new government but, as expected, he declined.

Demirel declined to say whether he received the same proposal from Koruturk, but he said he would meet him again on Wednesday. "Today we had consultations on what kind of new government Turkey should have," he said.

He pointed out that parliamentary arithmetic did not change greatly despite major losses for Ecevit's Republican People's Party and major gains for Demirel's own centrist Justice Party in last Sunday's mid-term elections. No single party commands a majority.

Demirel said his party was willing to do its duty in the formation of a government. But, he added, "if we can form a harmonious government, we will do so. If not, another alternative will have to be tried."

Demirel's emphasis on the word "harmonious" was interpreted as a sign of his reluctance to resurrect a coalition of right-wing parties and splinter groups he tried twice

in the past five years. The first time it resulted in heavy losses at the polls for his party, and the second time his rightist coalition was toppled in a vote of no confidence engineered by Ecevit.

In Istanbul meanwhile, anti-riot police took at least 276 persons into custody after scuffles and fistfights disrupted an extraordinary congress of a leftist teachers' association Saturday.

The scheduled session of the Tob-Der Congress, held at a casino in the heart of Istanbul, was delayed a few hours after political arguments between rival factions.

Security officials had deployed anti-riot police in buildings around the casino in anticipation of troubles between members of the teachers' professional organization.

The rowdy scenes erupted over a question of whether there were militant students in the hall.

The organization is the most powerful body representing teachers in secondary-level educational institutions. It has been split into rival leftist bands recently.

Zia vows to create Islamic state to replace 'Westernism'

ISLAMABAD, Oct. 21 (AP) — Pakistani President Gen. Mohammed Zia Ul Haq vowed Sunday to create an Islamic state to replace "Westernism." He also said he imposed newspaper censorship last week to stop the publication of "rubbish."

"Pakistan's present political edifice is based on the secular democratic system of the West which has no place in Islam," Zia told a group of newspaper editors. "A genuine Islamic order will soon be established in Pakistan."

Zia said that last week's order postponing parliamentary elections scheduled for Nov. 17, arresting politicians and banning all political parties was solely to "lay the foundation for a real Islamic system so that a complete structure can be built on it in the future."

"In Pakistan, neither anarchy nor Westernism will work," he said. "This country was created in the name of Islam, and in Islam there is no provision for Western-type elections."

Regarding martial law, imposed in July 1977 and tightened last week, Zia said, "It is a temporary phenomenon and can go on for two years, four years or 10 years, but ultimately a government has to come into existence which should enjoy the confidence of the people."

He informed the editors that censorship imposed on Pakistani newspapers and journals Tuesday will be "lifted after a short period" from "the responsible and patriotic newspapers."

Zia said censorship was imposed "because too much rubbish was being poured out in the name of journalism."

Newspapers banned last week included the Urdu language daily *Masawat*, published in Lahore and Karachi. The paper was owned by the family of executed former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto.

Since Zia's ban on political parties Tuesday the number of politicians arrested reached a total of 372 Sunday, according to an official count.

Policemen Flogged

KARACHI, Oct. 21 (AP) — Three police officers were publicly flogged Saturday for having accepted the equivalent of \$10 in bribes, the Associated Press of Pakistan (APP) reported.

The three were given 15 lashes each outside the town hall of Badin district to the east of Karachi in the presence of thousands of spectators.



FLOGGED: A black marketer from Hyderabad, stretched to receive 15 lashes Thursday before a large crowd in a local stadium in Karachi. Saturday three police officers were publicly flogged for having taken the equivalent of \$10 in bribes.



Harold Macmillan
Macmillan
praises
Islamic
ferment

HONG KONG, Oct. 21 (AP) —

Former British Prime Minister Harold Macmillan has described the Islamic revolution sweeping part of the Islamic world as a "movement of the people which is not based on foreign agendas."

Answering a question at a dinner hosted by the Hong Kong Foreign Correspondents Club Saturday, the 85-year-old statesman said the Islamic ferment was "interesting if unexpected movement."

Despite the horrors accompanying the movement, it was, he said, an attempt by the people to revive their tradition and was not based on "dogma or propaganda imported from foreign countries."

Macmillan, who was prime minister during 1957-1963, arrived in this British colony on Wednesday for a private visit. He leaves for China on Monday for a week-long trip at the invitation of the China National Publishing Corporation.

He is traveling in his capacity as president of Macmillan Publishers Ltd., a family firm founded by his father.

Macmillan's speech was devoted mainly to what he described as "recollections and reminiscences" of the turbulent 20th century up to the end of World War II.

Looking into the future, Macmillan said he was sure that peace can be preserved.

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Church hits U.S. policy on Mideast

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 21 (R) — Sen. Frank Church, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, has criticized recent administration policy on the Middle East for seeking some "grain design" for peace.

In a speech prepared for delivery to the United Jewish Appeal in Cleveland Saturday, the Idaho Democrat praised Camp David approach of step-by-step progress toward a peace settlement.

But he said he was perplexed by U.S. diplomatic maneuvers in recent months, saying they suggested "that the United States is beginning once again to stray from the path of Camp David."

Church cited what he described as overtures to the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO), an effort to amend a United Nations resolution on the Arab-Israeli dispute, pressures to speed up negotiations on Palestinian autonomy and harsh criticism of "Israeli" bombing in Southern Lebanon.

Egypt to receive U.K. missile boats, navy chief says

CAIRO, Oct. 21 (AP) — Egypt is to receive the first of seven missile boats from Britain shortly, commander of the Egyptian Navy, Vice Adm. Muhammad Ali Muhammad was quoted Saturday by the Middle East News Agency as telling a Cairo press conference.

Another six missile boats built in Egypt will join his forces after being developed abroad, Muhammad said without specifying where exactly.

Egypt is receiving military help from Western countries after it broke with the Soviet Union.

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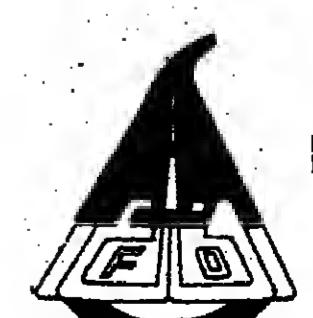
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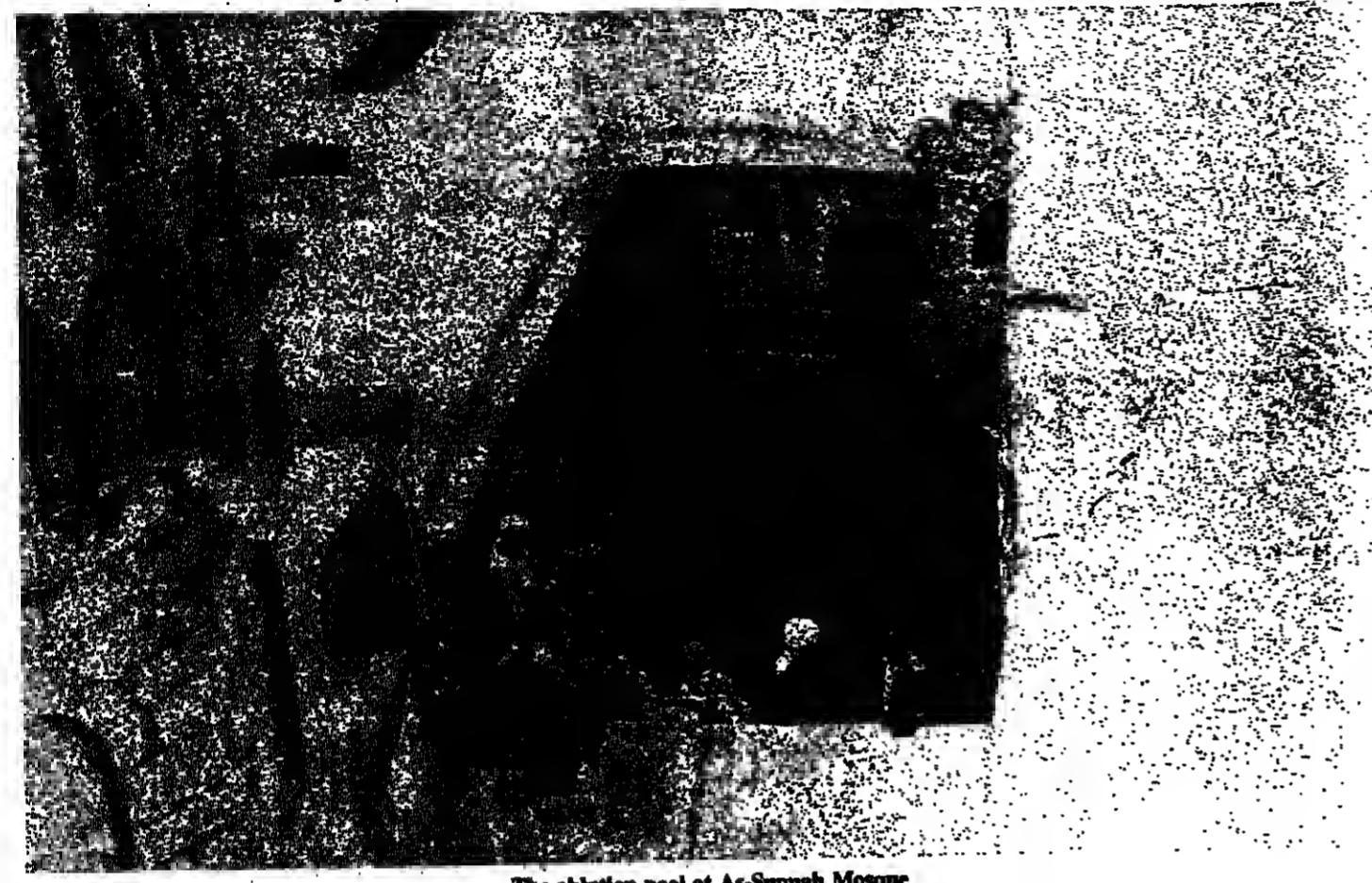


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The As-Summah Mosque, the minaret of which is at the right, looks down on Jibla and the lush farms in the valley beyond.



The ablution pool at As-Summah Mosque

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A queen of Yemen and her seat at Jibla

By Anne Chadwick

JIBLA — Arwa hotels, Arwa restaurants, Arwa stores, even a newly established Arwa Mineral Company; the word is as ubiquitous as that of the Earl of Bristol, whose name is proudly borne by countless hotels across Europe, Asia and the Americas.

Arwa was queen of Yemen.

She ruled in the 12th century and is remembered for her good works, for ordering the building of paved roads and aqueducts, for the peace and tranquility of her long reign.

The ulema of Sana'a say that she was not called Arwa at all, but Sayyida bint Ahmad. Though there was a later Arwa from the same family and time has confused the two it would be pedantic not to refer to her as she is commonly known.

The Sulayhids

Yemen in the eleventh century was ruled by the powerful Sulayhi family of the Hashid branch of Hamdan, one of the fierce tribes of the north. The Sulayhids, were Shafii Muslims (i.e. orthodox Sunni) but followed the tenets of the Ismaili Fatimids who then ruled Egypt.

The Faqrins ran a secret organization of resistance to the Abbasid Caliphs of northern Arabia and infiltrated other states whenever possible. They were devout Muslims, but had a more philosophical and esoteric view of the Prophet and his works. The Ismailis themselves, of whom the Agha Khan is the present leader, are from the Shī'ite branch of Islam, and believe that Ismail, the seventh Imam, was the last direct descendant of the Prophet.

To ensure secrecy, the Fatimids often assumed ooms de guerre, the cause of endless confusion among later historians. The Fatimids could be considered socialists, ruling, as they professed, for the good of the people.

The Najah

The first Sulayhid ruler, Ali, Arwa's father-in-law, was recruited by a member of the Fatimid underground, and overthrew the Zaidi Imamate with financial help from Egypt. He succeeded in subjugating all Yemen but in 1067, he was assassinated. At Mahjam, in the north Thibam, by agents of the Najah the black Ethiopian rulers of Zibid, Arwa's husband Mukarram came to the throne and continued to increase Sulayhid influence until his mandate extended perhaps as far as India, including Aden, Dbofar and Oman. A few years after his accession he was struck with paraplegia and withdrew from public life, leaving Arwa to run his empire as regent, neither of their sons having reached the age of majority.

Arwa, also a Sulayhi, had been raised at court by Mukarram's mother Asma. The Sulayhids believed in educating their daughters as well as their sons, so Arwa was well qualified for her position. She had married Mukarram in 1065 at the age of 18. She ruled until her death in 1137, at the age of 92. Her familiarity with Fatimid doctrines may have been behind her philanthropic works and her attempt to run the state justly and peacefully.

Arwa and Mukarram ruled, not from Sana'a, but from Jibla. It is said that when they lived in Sana'a she told Mukarram to look out the window and tell her what he saw. He said that he could only see "the flash of swords, the glint of oaken blades and spearheads." When she asked him to do the same in Jibla, he saw a pastoral scene of goatherds and women carrying pots of oil and honey on their heads.

And so they moved.

Mukarram died in 1084, bequeathing the spiritual and temporal Fatimid rule to his distant cousin Abu Hmayr Saba. Arwa objected and wrote to the Caliph in Cairo asking him to overrule her husband's will and appoint her young son Ali as head of state, thus perpetuating her power. The Caliph agreed, but soon after, both her sons died. This time, Saba offered to solve the problem of the succession by marrying her but Arwa refused, until the Caliph finally ordered her to comply. Even then, the marriage was never consummated though Saba worked faithfully for her until he died in 1097.

In Arwa's later years, the Sulayhid state gradually declined, through both internal and external influences. Her immediate subjects were loyal but were gradually manipulated by jealous courtiers. Order eventually collapsed. It is to her credit that she stayed in power as long as she did; even the most treacherous must have been in awe of her.

Today

Arwa's town of Jibla is a lovely place to visit and remains virtually unspoiled. It lies about 10 kilometers southwest of Ibb, off the main Sana'a-to-Taiz road. You take the first right, south of Ibb and the military checkpoint, by the petrol station. The Baptists built a hospital just outside the town in the late 1960s. It is well equipped and frequented by Yemenis and foreigners alike. Arwa would approve.

The town, which lies on the hillside, is dominated by a large, rectangular mosque with twin minarets. This is where Arwa is buried. You enter the town by a small arched gateway, having crossed the wadi a little lower down. The town is a maze of narrow, paved streets, just wide enough for people to pass one another. There are no noisy motorbikes and one can still sense the air of tranquility that Arwa so loved.

The only noise comes from eager children asking to lead you to the Dar-as-Sultana (the Queen's palace) on the northeast slope, adjacent to the As-Summah mosque. This ancient stone edifice is sadly collapsing but for the brave who dare venture on its crumbling roof, there is the reward of a splendid view. It is said that this is not Arwa's palace, but a later building built on the original site.

All the houses are built of rough cut stone blocks, many as high as five storeys. The majority have small circular windows, as opposed to the arched tracery windows of Sana'a, though there examples of the latter as well. Some are richly decorated on the outside with fine embossed plaster work.

The road to Jibla is well graded and is easily negotiable by an ordinary car. It takes about twenty minutes from the main road. With the abundant rains enjoyed in Ibb province, Jibla is still a haven of lush farmland, in marked contrast to the brown, arid plains of Sana'a.

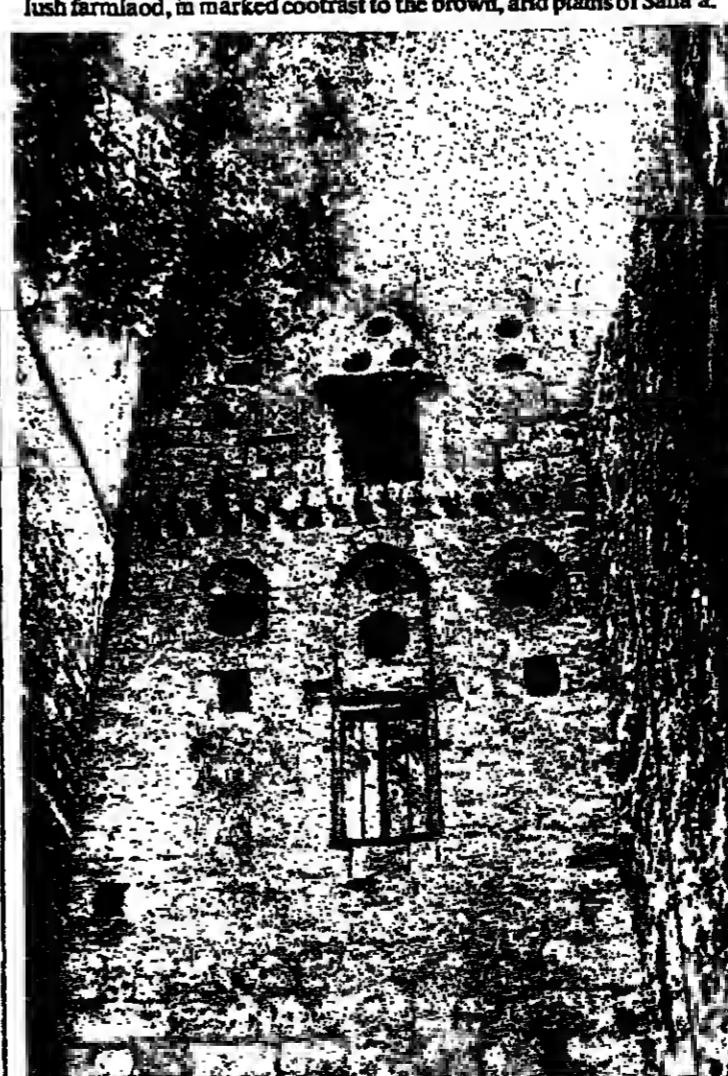


A cul-de-sac in the still unspoiled town

'I see only the
flash of swords,
the glint of naked
blades and spearheads'



A butcher in Jibla



A Jibla house, with the small circular windows typical of the town



Two little girls in a narrow lane

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CORRECTING DR. KHALIL

In his interview with the new *Asharq Al Awsat Weekly*, Egypt's prime minister Dr. Mustafa Khalil gave a curious statement. "With the exception of the confrontation states, Arab governments serve the cause of Palestine mainly with slogans. They give a little money also, a small portion of the vast increases in oil wealth accruing to them after the October war. These states place their interests before all else."

The question is, what truth is there in the prime minister's view of the oil producing Arab states?

The simple answer is that if it was true that these states placed their own interests first then they would not be the object of so much Western disinformation and abuse. But perhaps a more direct answer is called for, in the language of figures which the good doctor can easily supply.

In the case of Saudi Arabia, financial aid to Syria since the Baghdad summit of last year has risen by two hundred and fifty per cent. To the Palestine Liberation Organization, by a full one thousand per cent. To Jordan, by three hundred and fifty per cent. It is also well known that aid from the other Gulf states has risen proportionately. This means that the scale of financial commitment to the Palestine struggle has by no means lagged behind the increase in oil revenues.

It is obvious that figures themselves cannot be mentioned. But in addition to these official commitments, there are more informal ones. An example is Saudi \$10 million in aid to each of the Beir Zeit and Majah universities in the West Bank, as well as privately funded aid to UNRWA, to the value of \$ 4.5 million. There is also Saudi public and private aid to Fatah, over and above aid to the PLO as a whole.

As to the political side of the coin, this is better left to the Palestinians to express. It is no secret that they always considered they had two lines open to the United States, one through Egypt and the other through Saudi Arabia; but that now they consider only the Saudi Arabian line operative, since Sadat has taken it in his head to part company with the Arabs.

The prime minister counted on Saudi Arabia's well known discretion in its services to the cause of Palestine. He was sure that it would not respond by publishing the actual figures—and these would make the scale of the commitment even more dramatic. But the facts unfortunately for him, are well known.

Sadat started his regime by attacking his predecessor for alienating other Arab governments. It has not taken him too long to fall into the same error.

THE SUMMIT AGENDA

To judge the present picture of the Middle East purely in terms of the dangers and difficulties which face the Arab countries is to give a one-sided and an unnecessarily pessimistic view. For the fact is that Arabs are currently exhibiting an unprecedented political and diplomatic dynamism. Gone, let us hope forever, are the days when each country looked inwardly when danger threatened, mistrusting its neighbors and complaining of a hostile and unyielding world.

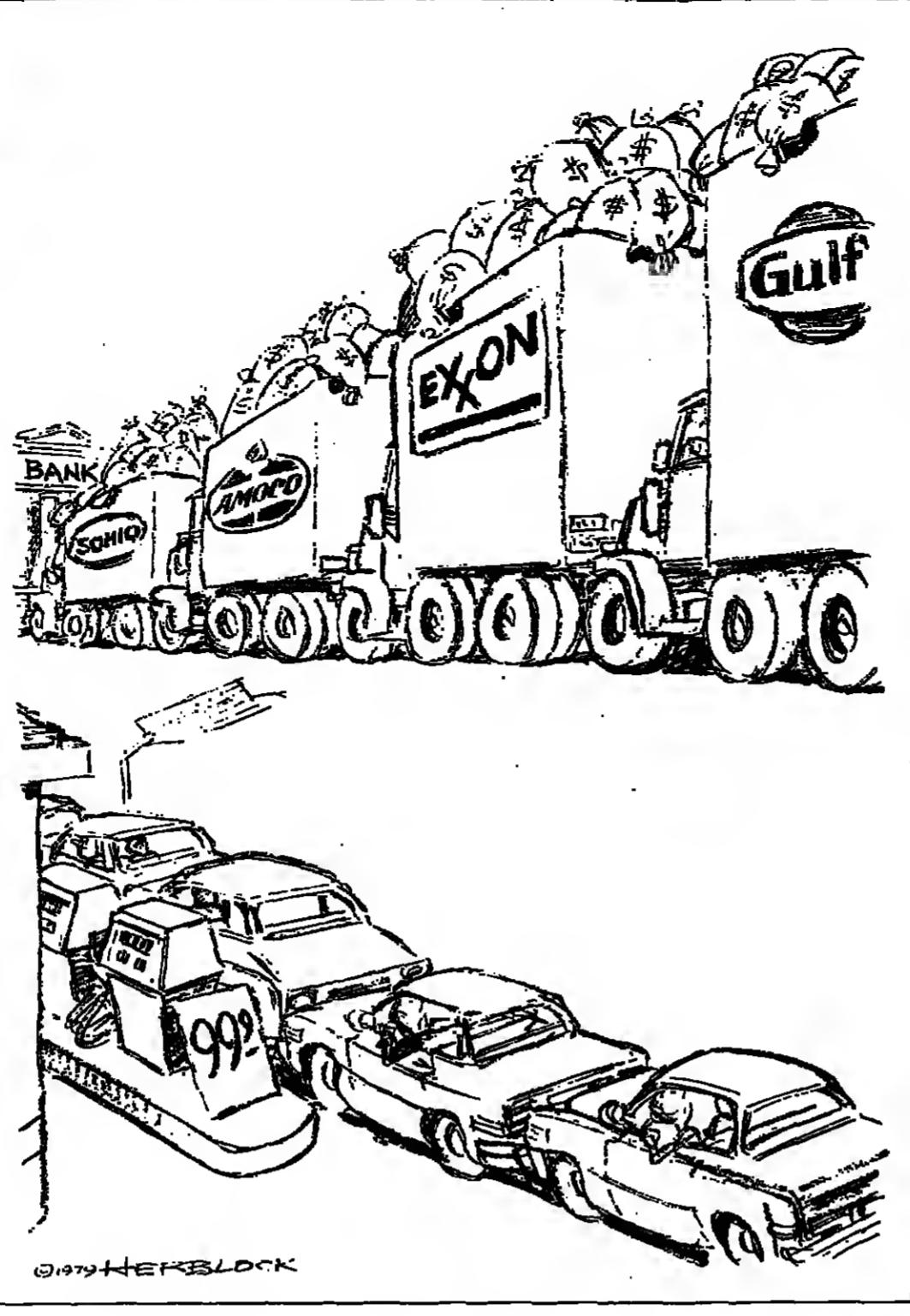
This new spirit of self-confidence and flexibility augurs well for the coming summit. Crown Prince Fahd has already expressed it and Yasser Arafat in his speech to the meeting of the Revolutionary Council of Fatah provided a further instance.

The two years which elapsed since the fateful Camp David meeting have demonstrated Arab ability to keep to their line opposing it, despite all the setbacks and difficulties. The "minimum program" of opposition enunciated at the Baghdad summit of last year is still very much active. Not a single country of the original signatories has broken ranks.

But, of course, much more is still needed. The successful defense of the anti-Camp David position must soon give way to offense, if the deadlock on the way to a comprehensive and just settlement is to be shifted. Egypt's drift away from the Arab fold has to be stopped before it is too late. The United States has to be convinced that its former approach is bankrupt.

The task before the coming summit is to prepare the ground for the new phase. And here the list of priorities is already agreed. The first and most urgent task is to work out a settlement for South Lebanon, which in effect means finding a formula for resolving the Lebanese crisis as a whole. The second is to reconcile Syria and Iraq, since without this pair working in harmony the power of the anti-Camp David alliance is greatly reduced. The third is persuading Algeria and Morocco to stop the fratricidal war over the Sahara, so that the Arab Maghreb can bring its full weight to bear in the service of the alliance.

These tasks are difficult but they are by no means impossible. In them the new spirit of positivity will find its greatest test, and we hope, its greatest achievement.



An American view of Jesse Jackson's trip

Editor's note: Following are excerpts from an interview between Rev. Jesse Jackson, the American civil rights leader, and Associated Press correspondent Delores Barclay, following Jackson's return from his recent Middle East trip. The questions reflect purely American domestic political considerations following some criticism in the U.S. of his trip and the interview is presented here solely for information on this aspect of U.S. politics.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21 (AP) — Q. Your recent trip to the Middle East has caused a rash of criticism from many sectors. What specifically did you accomplish?

A. We have succeeded in bringing the Middle East debate into the middle of public discussion in America. We've debated SALT II, the Panama Canal, civil rights legislation, and yet Middle East policy has been shrouded in secrecy. It has not been discussed very much in this country.

Our challenge in the Middle East is not to choose between Arabs and Jews but to reconcile them, not to choose between morality and petroleum but to reconcile those interests. And we've succeeded in convincing a large sector of the American public that a "no-talk" policy is against our national security and not in our best interests.

Q. Did you find any flexibility in the Palestine Liberation Organization's approach to their... tactics?

A. I did. Their position was that they would be willing to declare an enforced and immediate ceasefire in South Lebanon. And they made it rather unconditional. But they said that within the context of their occupation that they maintain the right to armed struggle.

My point to them was that terrorism was a diversion away from their legitimate goals and in this country terrorism as a tactic was looked upon with such distaste... We could not as a nation recognize them because of that.

He (PLO leader Yasser Arafat) wanted me to go to South Lebanon and measure terrorism by one yardstick to determine if there's terrorism on both sides. If terrorism is the killing of innocent women and children, then there's terrorism on both sides.

Q. Do you recommend recognition by the United States of the PLO?

A. I recommend that we begin a dialogue with the PLO and that we recognize the PLO and use our strength to moderate their position relative to Israel's security, and that we aid them in the establishment of a Palestinian state.

Q. Do you see yourself being vindicated by the U.S. government talking officially to the PLO?

A. Eventually, vindication will come. Some of the same persons who now have these extreme feelings of pain will appreciate in time what we tried to do. I think what we're doing is in Israel's best interest. I think we've taken Israel off a collision course, if we're successful in normalizing ties with our Arab neighbors and with its potential African allies.

Q. Bayard Rustin (president of the A. Philip Randolph Institute) has equated black leaders who embrace the PLO with embracing the Ku Klux Klan, the Red Brigades and the Baader-Meinhof gang. What is your response to this?

A. Well his position is more extreme than the Israeli government's. The Israeli government talks with the PLO. Egypt maintains a position that it has a right to talk to the PLO, and it does. And so do most of the nations in the United Nations.

That is a rather extreme position. And if he views terrorism with one yardstick, he will surely know that there are some areas of aggravation that will not go away until we sit down and honestly discuss what is good for you blacks.

Q. Did you find any flexibility in the Palestine Liberation Organization's approach to their... tactics?

A. I did. Their position was that they would be willing to declare an enforced and immediate ceasefire in South Lebanon. And they made it rather unconditional. But they said that within the context of their occupation that they maintain the right to armed struggle.

The fact is I have not responded unkindly at all toward Bayard's position... I've responded with moderation and care. I suppose that in time, since we have a "let's talk" policy rather than a "no-talk" policy, our positions will probably be very similar, if not ultimately the same.

But I am just as determined not to allow our movement to disintegrate on differences. But on the other hand, I fight for our right to engage in a democratic process—which is to parley and debate our positions to a logical conclusion.

Q. What about the apparent rift between blacks and Jews over your trip?

A. I think that cloud will eventually pass away. I think that our relationship must be reas-

sed. It must be redefined. It must be reformed. Blacks are now coming of age.

Because blacks and Jews have several things in common, ultimately we must reform. We've never seen any KKK literature that didn't talk about negroes and Jews. That's basic. Both of us tend to be scapegoats when certain types of social crises emerge. We have that in common. We have a background of suffering and some relationships we've accumulated over the years. We have that in common.

Yet, there are some areas of aggravation that will not go away until we sit down and honestly discuss what is good for you blacks.

Q. If you had the trip to take over again, would you change any part of it?

A. Well, I would still go. I learned a lot. It was an instructive trip for me... I still have, even though all of this barrage of criticism and controversy, tremendous concern for Jewish people and for their fate. I intended to communicate that support to them.

And these aggressive acts against us now will not force me to retaliate in kind.

Q. What aggressive acts?

A. All the unkind letters and threats of cutting off funds; the kinds of things being written about us; the misunderstanding. They are really attempts to undermine our character and credibility.

Q. Did you expect this who you knew you were going to meet with Arafat?

A. Well I expected some of it. I also expected other Jewish leaders, who know that is the route we must go ultimately, to stand up and be counted. And, yet, I do not hold it against them because the price they would pay to stand up would subject them to a lot of wrath themselves.

So I'm fully aware that the price we might have to pay for this might very well be a significant pain for our organization. It might involve the loss of life and limb. We've received enormous assassination threats.

Q. You've personally received threats?

A. Yes. And calls to my home and threats to my wife and children; the bomb threats to my office.

Q. Are you concerned for your safety?

A. Well, I'm concerned for my safety, but I'm also concerned for my integrity. If I back off what I know to be just and right, I would not have my integrity and I could not live with myself.

No cheers for the 'Bantustans'

By Peter Deely

LONDON —

Mafeking is about to be relieved! But this time the news will cause little rejoicing for the 6,000 whites about to be absorbed into South Africa's new north-west border 'Bantustan' or African 'homeland'.

Eighty years ago last week — on October 13, 1899 — a force of Boer commandos laid siege to the British garrison in what was to become one of the most famous assaults in military history. The British defenders, led by the founder of the Boy Scouts movement, Col. (later Lord) Robert Baden-Powell, successfully held out for 217 days until May, 1900, and when the besieged garrison was relieved it was followed by nights and days of revelry in the streets of Victorian London.

Mafeking even gave its name to posterity: the word 'maffick' means 'to exult riotously'. But history — and apartheid — have overtaken those moments of fame. Today this dry, slow-moving farming town slumbers in the sun, waiting incorporation into a black state called Bophutha-Tswana and even the possibility of baving to call itself by an African name, Vimabatho.

You would have trouble finding Bophutha-Tswana on any world map: or Venda for that matter, the latest black homeland that the Nationalist government has artificially carved out of South African territory. In the minds of black leaders they do not even exist: the Organization of African Unity has refused to recognize the redrawing of frontiers in southern Africa by what it sees as white imperialism.

Yet these Bantustans are the corner-stone of the whole concept of separate development of the races. The South African government eventually plans a series of seven black homelands, autonomous states offering the African the attractive bait of full citizenship and associated rights that he is denied as long as he lives and works in white areas.

But he will have to go and live in the Bantustans and he will no longer be a citizen of South Africa. This entails forced movement of peoples to areas they do not regard as home — thus it is scarcely surprising that black leaders so forthrightly condemn this idea of equal but separate development.'

Bishop Desmond Tutu, the African general secretary of the South African Council of Churches, says Bantustans were created to 'try to provide a moral basis for apartheid.'

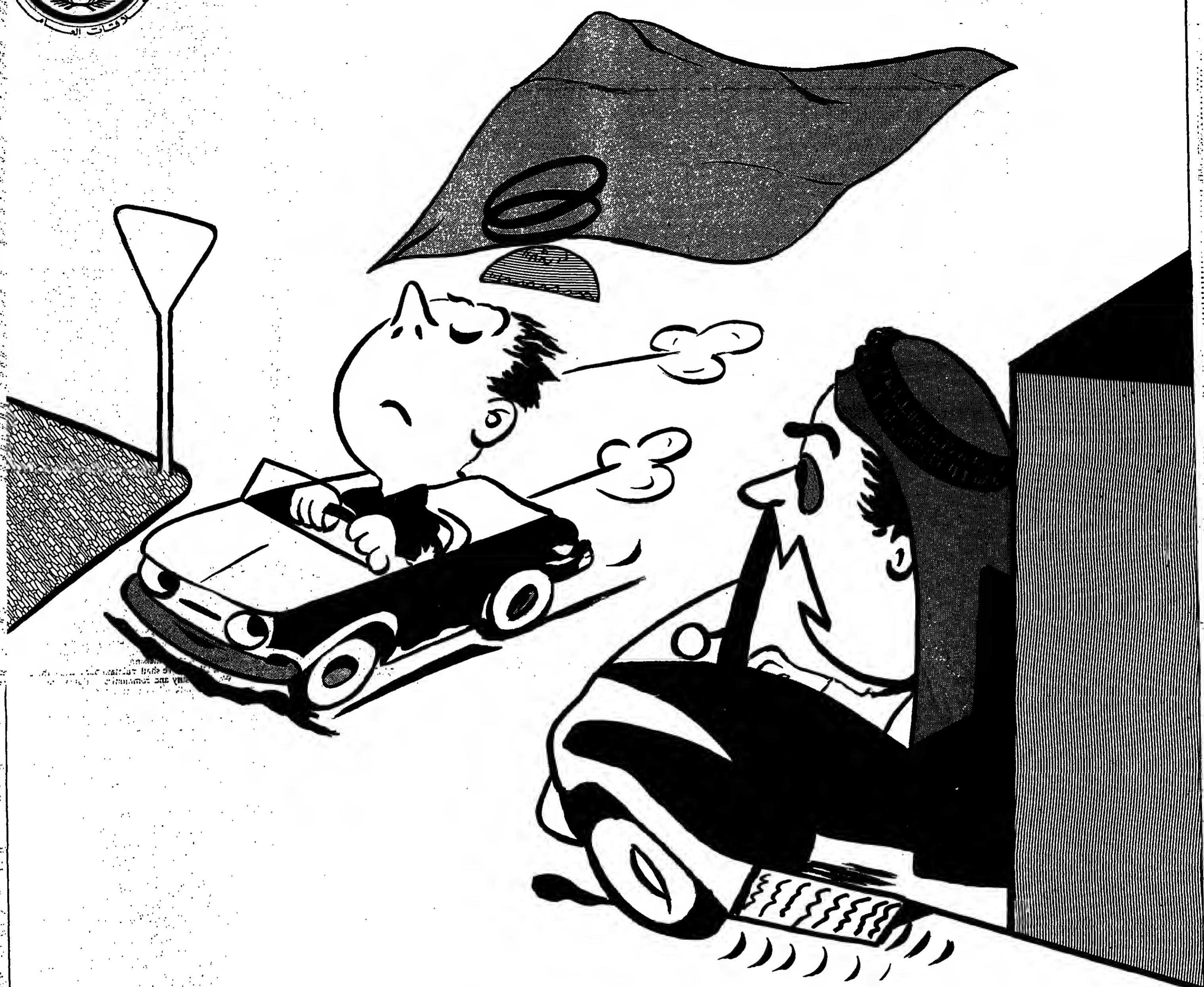
'The decision was taken without consulting us. It was a case of the white minority saying "we know what is good for you blacks".

'By international law what the government is

doing must be seen as illegal: when a country becomes independent, people should be free either to opt for citizenship of the new or the old nation. We have not been given that choice. Therefore Bant



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Second leg of European tour

Hua given low-key Bonn reception

BONN, Oct. 21 (AP) — Chinese Premier Hua Guofeng arrived in West Germany Sunday, the second stage of his four-nation European tour.

After a flight from Paris, Hua's jetliner touched down at Cologne-Bonn Airport where he and his party were briefly welcomed by Chancellor aide Hans-Juergen Wischniewski and Johannes Kau, minister president of the state of North Rhine-Westphalia in which Bonn and Cologne are situated.

Hua was then escorted to Gymnich castle, the West German government's sumptuous guest

house some 30 kilometers outside Bonn where he was to rest the remainder of the day in anticipation of official welcoming ceremonies Monday.

Hua's low-key welcome contrasted with the warm reception French leaders gave him in Paris last week. But officials said it followed customary West German practice.

Chancellor Helmut Schmidt will welcome the Chinese leader during ceremonies Monday morning at the Chancellery, with the first of two private talks beginning immediately afterward.

During the visit, the Chinese **But identity in mystery**

Politburo member operated on

MOSCOW, Oct. 21 (Agencies) — An American eye surgeon has confirmed he had operated on a member of the 13-man Politburo, the Soviet Union's top policy-making body, but denied it was President Leonid Brezhnev.

Dr. Ronald Michels, one of three eye specialists here from Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore, Maryland, declined to say which of the Kremlin chiefs underwent the operation last Sunday.

But a Westerner who claimed to be in contact with both the Soviets and the doctors has told the U.S. Embassy that the patient was Mikhail Suslov, 77, the Politburo's chief ideologist.

However, Suslov read a long speech Tuesday at a Moscow ideological conference, just two days after the operation was performed Sunday at the Kremlin's suburban medical center.

Michels said that the operation was "not incapacitating."

He cabled word back to his mother in Baltimore that the operation was "a success" and would return home Sunday.

Another source said the operation would "not affect the power under" among the Kremlin leadership.

Brezhnev was reported this week to be suffering a "serious ill-

ness," amid a torrent of Western reports that he was dead.

The 72-year-old Kremlin chief was last seen in public Oct. 8 when he returned from a strenuous trip to East Germany.

Michels said he and his colleagues, Dr. Thomas Rice and Dr. Walter Stark, came to Moscow at the request of the Soviet government to do delicate eye surgery on a government official.

One unconfirmed report said the operation involved the use of laser treatment and did not even require an anesthetic.

Suslov, the second-oldest member of the Politburo behind Arvid Peiske who turned 80 this year, has long been rumored to be in poor health, although no eye trouble was ever reported.

A former chief editor of the Communist Party newspaper *Pravda*, Suslov was born Nov. 21, 1902, to a family of poor peasants

With awards

Italian film world marks anniversary

ROME, Oct. 21 (AP) — Italy's film industry, attempting to restore some of the old-time glamour to Hollywood-in-the-fiber, staged a star-studded presentation of the 25th anniversary of the David di Donatello Prizes with night at the opera Saturday night.

The prizes, which are Italy's version of the Hollywood Oscar, were awarded to director Franco Zeffirelli for the European division while West Germany's Rainer Fassbinder got the David Luchino Visconti Award named after the late Italian cinema maestro.

In the foreign division, the awards went to the Soviet Union's *The Tree of Desires*, to *Hair* director Milos Forman and Liv Ullman, Ingrid Bergman, Michele Serault, Richard Geer, Terence Malick and Romy Schneider.

On the Italian side, the national television RAI, which has provided jobs for many of the country's top directors unable to find their own producers, received an award for *The Tree of Clogs*.

Franco Cristaldi and Angelo Rizzoli of Italy's largest publishing and media empire received the awards for best producers.

The 59-year-old Italian told authorities that his memory was hampered by his heart illness

and were expected to sign three agreements, two of which provide for expanded scientific and cultural exchanges. The third allows China to open a consulate in Hamburg and West Germany to do so in Shanghai.

In advance of the visit, West German officials made it clear they hope the emphasis will be on trade and commerce rather than China's dispute with Moscow.

West Germany is China's third major trading partner after Japan and Hong Kong, and the Germans will take the Chinese leader to industrial centers of the Ruhr, Hamburg, Stuttgart and Munich.

From a political viewpoint, government spokesman Klaus Boelling, a confidant of the chancellor, said Bonn was looking forward to the visit "with pleasure."

"We consider it extraordinarily important that the People's Republic of China, after long, long years in international isolation, is now ready to participate in the process of building international opinion," Boelling added.

In an interview, Schmidt himself said the government would not permit itself to be drawn into the Sino-Soviet dispute. The chancellor was repeatedly refused to sell weapons to China to avoid risking West Germany's relationship with the Soviet Union.

"Our very strong interest in the continuation of detente is known to the Chinese leadership," said Schmidt.

The visit will also test Schmidt's political skills domestically. A strong supporter of NATO, the chancellor faces trouble from those in his own Social Democratic Party who believe West Germany should be seeking closer ties to Moscow.



RECEPTION: West German Chancellery State Minister Hans-Juergen Wischniewski (r) welcomes Chinese Premier and Communist Party leader Hua Guofeng after his arrival at Bonn-Cologne airport Sunday. The Chinese leader was to meet Chancellor Helmut Schmidt Monday.

Slam junta peace bid

El Salvador rebels vow to fight

SAN SALVADOR, Oct. 21 (R) — A leading leftist group has rejected a call by El Salvador's new civilian-military junta to lay down weapons, threatening a new wave of violence.

The "Popular Revolutionary Bloc" (BPR), with an estimated membership of 50,000, dashed hopes of a quick end to violence which had risen when two other leftist groups called a truce with the junta.

The new government has faced leftist street violence throughout the six days since it overthrew rightwing President Carlos Humberto Romero in a bloodless coup. It is still without a cabinet.

The wave of violence has killed at least 36 people and injured 100.

The junta, comprising three generals and three civilians, has imposed a 30-day state of siege and martial law in an attempt to curb the violence.

"We plan to carry out rallies in the coming weeks because in no way can we call a truce to this counter-revolutionary government," BPR Secretary General

Julio Flores told reporters.

The junta has called for all leftist and rightist groups to lay down their weapons and join the rest of the country's 4.5 million people in putting the country back on the democratic path.

But only the "February 28 Popular League," a peasant and student group, with an estimated 25,000 members, and the "People's Revolutionary Army" have declared "a partial truce."

There has been no reaction yet from the other three guerrilla groups, the "Armed National Resistance Forces," "Popular Liberation Forces" and "Central American Revolutionary Workers' Party."

The latter has been holding two U.S. businessmen, Dennis McDonald and Fausto Bacchelli, managers of a textile subsidiary named Apex, for three weeks.

Meanwhile, the junta stepped up its round of consultations to establish a broad-based political cabinet to carry out the far-reaching measures it has promised.

Among them are political amnesty, an end to repression, free presidential elections not later than next year, legalisation of the Salvadorean Communist Party and re-establishment of diplomatic relations with Cuba, severed 15 years ago.

The junta has also promised to undertake a long-needed agrarian reform program in a country where about two per cent of the population owns about 60 per cent of the land.

Earthquake kills at least in Indonesia resort island

JAKARTA, Oct. 21 (AP) — An earthquake occurred at 8:41 a.m. (0141 GMT), 1,050 km east of Jakarta 30 kilometers off the coast of the island.

He said reports told of hundreds of buildings, including temples, a post office, schools. Glass was broken, a police spokesman said Sunday.

Government meteorologists said the tremor registered 5.8 on the Richter scale.

The spokesman said the quake

Kidnapped Italian banker story leads to a dead-end

NEW YORK, Oct. 21 (AP) — Italian financier Michele Sindona has given a vague account of his 10-week absence to officials investigating his disappearance. The New York Times reported in its Sunday editions.

Unnamed FBI and police officials defied a court gag order to tell *The Times* what Sindona claimed happened to him after he disappeared Aug. 2.

Sindona was to go on trial Sept. 10 on charges that he stole \$45 million from the Franklin Savings Bank. The bank later folded in one of the largest bank collapses in U.S. history.

The 59-year-old Italian told authorities that his memory was hampered by his heart illness

which weakened him and drugs which were administered to him by his captors, *The Times* said. Authorities expressed little hope of verifying the story because of its lack of detail.

Sindona gave officials a sketchy account of a kidnapping by Italian "leftists." He claimed the kidnappers wanted information no bribes Sindona may have given to Italian government officials, and wanted to use the information to disclose scandals which might embarrass leading figures in Italy, *The Times* said.

On Aug. 2, Sindona said he was walking near New York's Hotel Pierre, on Fifth Avenue near 61st Street, when he was approached by a gunman and ordered into a waiting automobile.

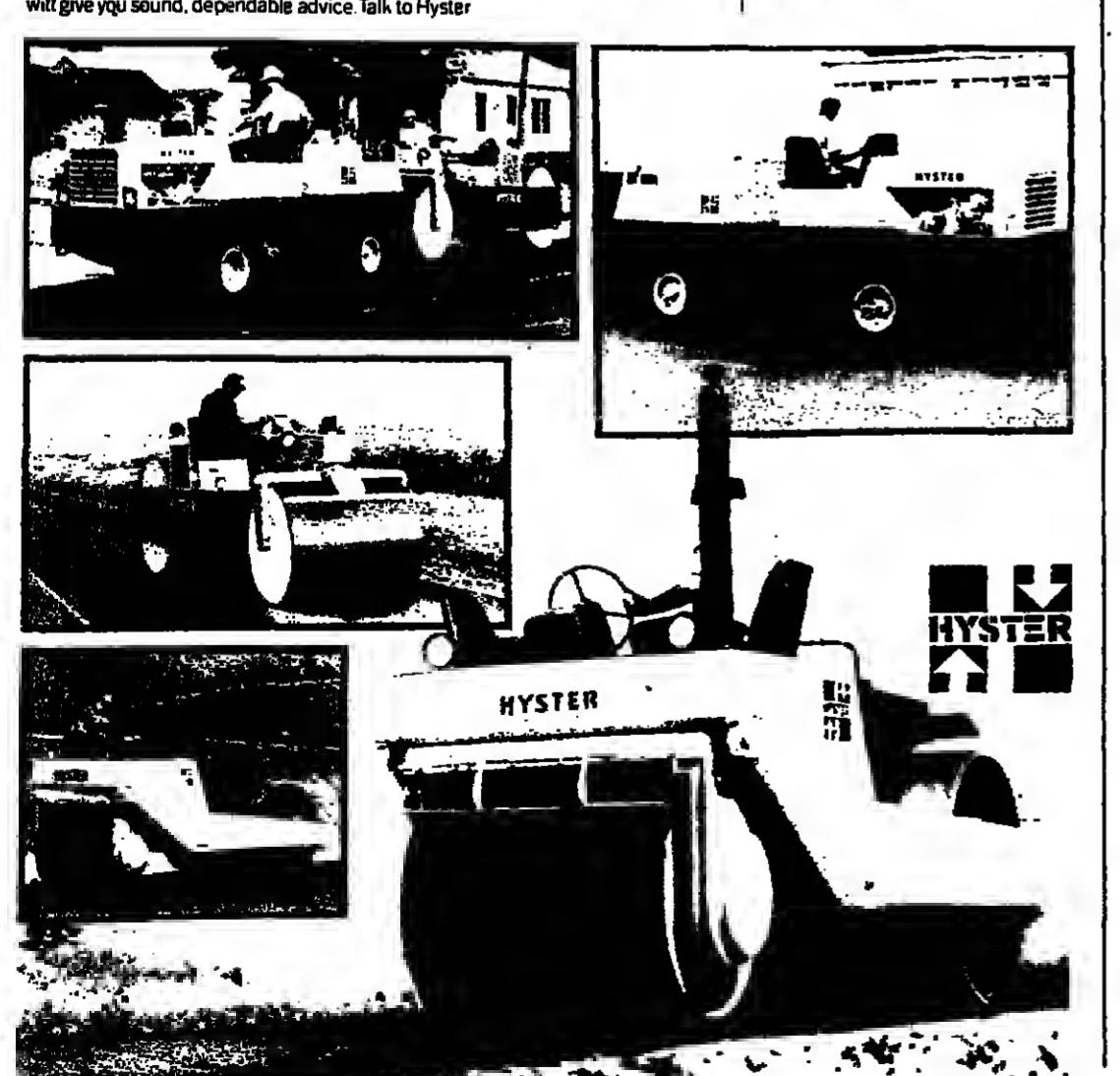
Francis Cristaldi and Angelo Rizzoli of Italy's largest publishing and media empire received the awards for best producers.

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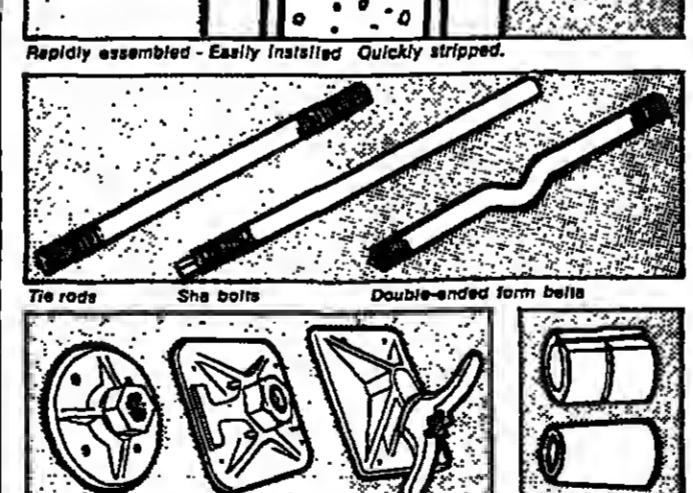


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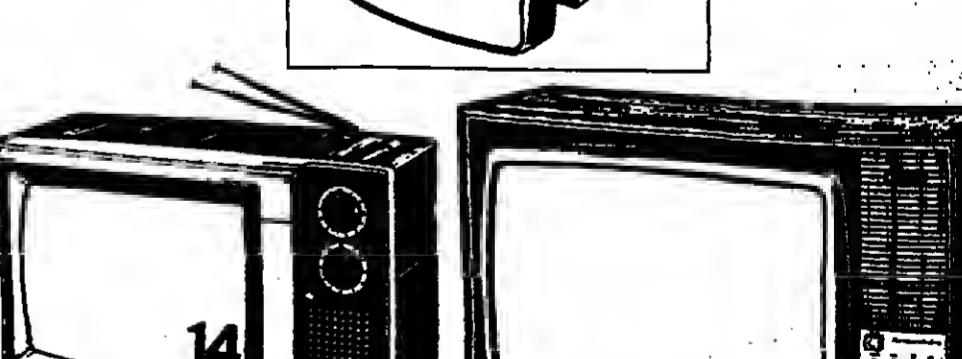


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beats Coetzee on points

Tate triumphs in Pretoria title fight

PRETORIA, Oct. 21 (R) — American John Tate (R) — called "the Fighting Machine" — entered his way to the World Boxing Association, heavyweight, in here Saturday night, beat South Africa's Gerrie Coetzee points over 15 rounds.

The unanimous decision gave the title vacated earlier this by Muhammad Ali.

From Knoxville, Tennessee, took charge of the fight in round three, relentlessly seeing the South African "Hope" who sensationally knocked out ex-world champion

Leon Spinks in Monte Carlo four months ago.

Coetzee had no answer to the black American's methodical, non-stop attacks and did well to stay on his feet to the end.

For "Big John" Tate, the one-time migrant fruit-picker turned truck driver who used his fists to scale the ladder of success, the fight puts him only a step away from the undisputed heavyweight crown.

To win that, he must fight fellow-American Larry Holmes, holder of the rival World Boxing Council's heavyweight title a fight

Loftus Versfeld Stadium, down

that is not expected to take place until at least late next year.

Tate's win was the unanimous verdict of referee Carlos Berrocal, of Panama, and judges Ken Morita of Japan and Carlos Martínez Casas of Argentina.

Berrocal scored it 147 points to 144, Morita 147-142 and Casas 148-145.

The fight was South Africa's stop sporting event for years, drawing a crowd of \$1,000 — one of the biggest for any world heavyweight fight since the heyday of Joe Louis.

Loftus Versfeld Stadium, down

the road from the offices of South Africa's whites-only government, was completely sold out.

The shrine of white rugby had been integrated for this occasion at the insistence of American fight promoter Bob Arum but blacks made up only a tiny proportion of the crowd.

Virtually the entire cabinet from Premier Pieter Botha downwards attended, as well as State President Marais Viljoen and former Prime Minister John Vorster, who was forced to step down from the presidency over the "slush funds" scandal.

Security was tight, with almost 2,000 armed police on duty.

Metal-detectors were used to scan the spectators as they arrived.

The pre-fight ballyhoo included a rendition of the "Star-Spangled Banner" by a singer from Knoxville who needed a prompt board held up before him at the ringside.

Coetzee began well, dancing around Tate and taunting him to make a fight of it. Tate, a notoriously slow starter, declined the invitation and Coetzee took a dull first round.

Coetzee again led the attack in round two, with swinging rights which mostly hit Tate's arms.

But in round three Tate, after tying up Coetzee when the South African tried combination punching, landed two solid, long lefts signalling his move onto the attack which he maintained from then on.

In the middle rounds, Coetzee had stopped taunting Tate and was taking solid lefts and rights to the head and body.

Coetzee countered stroogly, using his feet to get inside and hooking to Tate's head.

But Tate was undeterred. With his relentless, machine-like attack he appeared to take the final seven rounds as Coetzee grew progressively slower and more weary.

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But Tate was undeterred. With his relentless, machine

Iraq invites OPEC for summit talks

BAHRAIN, Oct. 21 (R) — Iraq has invited the heads of state of all OPEC countries to a summit meeting, the official Gulf News Agency reported.

In a dispatch from Baghdad, the agency said Iraqi Oil Minister Tareq Abdul Karim extended the invitation at a meeting with OPEC ambassadors in the Iraqi capital Saturday.

The agency did not disclose where the summit might be held.

But it quoted Abdul Karim as saying the purpose of the meeting was to mark the 20th anniversary of the founding of OPEC and also to discuss the organization's accomplishments.

He said the summit would also discuss ways of establishing a new world economic order to bring equality and justice to developing

U.S. congressional report

Soviet oil output to drop

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21 (R) — Soviet oil production will decline in the 1980s, and the Communist bloc will need imported oil, a U.S. congressional committee reported Sunday.

Shipments to Eastern Europe and other Communist countries will have to be supported by Soviet imports from OPEC (the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries), the joint economic committee study predicted.

It said Soviet oil output would fall to 10 million barrels a day by 1985, the Soviet Union, the world's leading crude oil producing nation, produced 11.43 million barrels a day in 1978.

The study reported that Moscow increased oil production by only 2.7 per cent in the first six

months of this year, well below the average from 1971 through 1975.

"No new major oil finds have been made in the last six years, despite Soviet admissions that new giant oilfields must be discovered regularly if growth in oil production is to be sustained," the study said.

The study also concluded that:

— The Soviet Union's defense funding has soared to 137 per cent of the amount spent by the United States in 1977 from 72 per cent in 1965.

— The Soviet Union in 1978 had 60 per cent more scientists and engineers than the United States. In early 1950s, Russia trailed the United States in the number of scientists and engineers, but surpassed this country at the end of the 1960s.

Foreign Exchange Rates

Quoted at 6:00 P.M. SUNDAY

	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.36	3.37	3.37
Pound Sterling	7.23	7.27	7.27
Deutsche Mark (100)	187.00	189.00	187.25
Swiss F (100)	205.00	208.00	204.50
French F (100)	80.00	80.00	80.00
Italian Lira (10,000)	41.00	41.00	40.80
Lebanese Lira (100)	102.00	101.50	
Syria Lira (100)	78.00	86.60	
Egyptian Pound	4.50	4.61	
Kuwait Dinar	12.15	12.13	
Jordanian Dinar	11.25	11.20	
Emirates Dirham (100)	88.70	88.60	
Qatar Riyal (100)	90.00	89.80	
Bahrain Dinar	8.86	8.85	
Iranian Riyal (100)	—	—	
Iraqi Dinar (100)	9.50	—	
Yemeni Riyal (100)	74.25	73.75	
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	88.50	
Indian Rupee (100)	—	41.10	
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	34.10	
Gold kg.	42,700.00	—	
10 Tolas bar	5,000.00	—	
Silver kg.	—	—	
Japanese Yen (1,000)	14.60	—	14.72
Canadian Dollar	2.84	3.00	—
Belgian Franc (1,000)	116.00	113.00	—
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	169.00	171.00	170.00
Spanish Peso	—	51.50	51.00
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	82.00	
Philippines Peso (1,000)	—	46.00	
Singapore	—	—	1.57

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rahji Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah — Tel.: 23815.

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UPTO THE 0700 HOURS

ON THE 21st, October, 1979/30th Dulkada, 1399

Berth	Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Arrival
5	Ngan Cheu	Alatex	Phywood/Sorofics	11/10/79
6	Derfia	Alpha'	Bagged Barley	18/10/79
7	Al Hadi	Basboud	Dunn	18/10/79
8	Carsten Saed	Alpha	Bagged Barley	18/10/79
10	Fresno City	Arasco	Peatmos/Moulds	18/10/79
15	Barakat	Karmo	Container General	20/10/79
18	Castille Del Mar	H.S.C.C.	Container	18/10/79
20	Ionian Carrier	Reisco	Bulk Cement	18/10/79
22	Marie D'Anvers	Alesada	Timber/Plast/General	17/10/79
23	Odyphile 'B'	A.A.	Bagged Cement	17/10/79
24	Ville D' Anvers	M.T.A.	Containers	18/10/79
41	Angeline	Alwani	Maize/Sorghum	18/10/79

PASSPORT LOST.

An Indonesian Passport No. D-079744 issued to FAISAL BIKI has been lost.

Finder please contact Indonesian Embassy or ZEST ENGINEERING P.O. Box 1326 Tele: 58138 Jeddah.

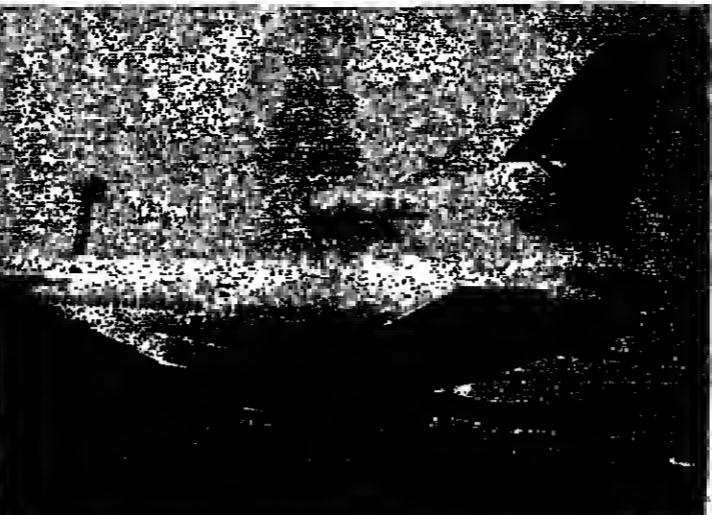
Gulf Air reduces fares

By Joseph Eltayer

JEDDAH, Oct. 21 — Gulf Air has decided to reduce its air fare by 30 per cent within the Gulf region next November, the airline board of directors announced.

Bahrain Information Minister Tariq Al-Moayyed has called on airlines and hotels in the region to reduce their rates, after the International Air Transport Association (IATA) recommended an air fare raise last April.

Bahrain, Oman, Qatar, and the



United Arab Emirates hold equal air fare between 10 and 15 per cent for its more than 100 airline members.

IATA agreed last July to raise

air fares between 10 and 15 per cent for its more than 100 airline members.

He said that fares amount to only about 20 per cent of IATA's work, the rest consists of things like developing a standard airline ticket and procedures for handling dangerous freight from which Laker also benefits. On such flights, Kyd said, Laker gets a free ride.

Kyd pointed out that it would not be possible for airlines to do such things individually. It would create too much confusion.

As for low fares, he added, they make sense only if the airlines can survive economically.

Laker said that he has applied for 666 routes in Europe. If he could fly from Paris to Athens, for example, he predicted the price would be only about \$172 instead of what he said was present fare, \$382.

"The fact is," he said, "that Freddie Laker did not fly between New York and London there would be no standby fares on any other airlines. As soon as they got rid of me by predatory pricing they would go back to their easy old habit of ripping off the customers, the price would go back to at least double."

He said that its relationship with Standard-Oil of Ohio now reaches its maximum level of involvement.

Under the original agreement worked out 10 years ago, when BP first took its stake in Sohio, and gave over its Alaska oil find to the latter, the BP stake in the Cleveland-based company would be based on the oil flow from Prudhoe Bay.

When it reached a net 600,000 bpd for the Sohio share of the oil, as it has now out overtaken but exceeded, BP would have a 53 per cent share stake in Sohio.

Last year when the oil flow owned by Sohio was just under the agreed figure, the BP stake jumped from below 40 per cent to just over 52 per cent. Now it can add a further 1 per cent. Even more, on the excess of the oil going through the pipeline, BP takes three-quarters of the profits over 600,000 bpd, while Sohio gets only a quarter.

The BP-Sohio relationship, while described by everyone as warm and friendly, is a slightly 'arm's length' one. This is because of the complicated US laws. With a large body of minority shareholders, BP's writ is not allowed to run riot.

A draft report on a week-long meeting which ended Saturday in the Polish mining town of Katowice said coal accounted for four-fifths of the world's known conventional energy resources,

the report as saying.

Because of the growing crisis on the world oil market, problems with nuclear energy development and uncertain prospects for unconventional energy sources, "only coal can really fill the gap in energy supply which conditions further socio-economic development in the world," PAP quoted the report as saying.

WARSAW, Oct. 21 (R) — Only coal could fill the energy gap and ensure continued world economic development, a United Nations coal symposium concluded.

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B.C.

SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



Dennis the Menace



'DID YA KNOW THAT WAS MY DAD WHO FELL ASLEEP AN' YELLED 'FORE'?'

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

- 1 Author, G. Brazilian
- 2 Sholem — tape
- 5 Tobacco cut
- 6 Bangkok tongue
- 8 One of the "Jaws" killer
- 10 Fundas
- 12 Calloons
- 13 Lily Dale, for one
- 15 Hockey name T.B.A.
- 16 Debutts's "La —"
- 17 "— Butter-milk Sky"
- 18 Toward heaven
- 20 Badger
- 21 Prong
- 22 Sundance Kid's girl
- 23 Dreamy, informally
- 25 A Kennedy Mimicked
- 26 Mimicked
- 27 Awful
- 28 Dice throw
- 29 Subscription order
- 30 — and Fox
- 33 Frost
- 34 Caligula's greeting
- 35 Relaxed
- 37 Actor, Richard —
- 38 German city
- 39 Optimistic

ISCHIO-CAMP	PHEM	OMAHIA
RARE	LOLIOTIA	
ARC	DORI	LEW
TAURINE	LIAN	LILY
SMELL	TILL	LAIPSIE
HORN	MEAD	TRAPP
ARMED	SCHE	DOANE
SOUL	RE	NOISE
SHRIMP	CLOP	EMER
TEEN	BETTA	TEEN

Yesterday's Answer

19 Guest

22 To be:

23 Stairway

feature

24 Mrs. Kurt

F.

25 Italian

city

26 Narcotic

Well

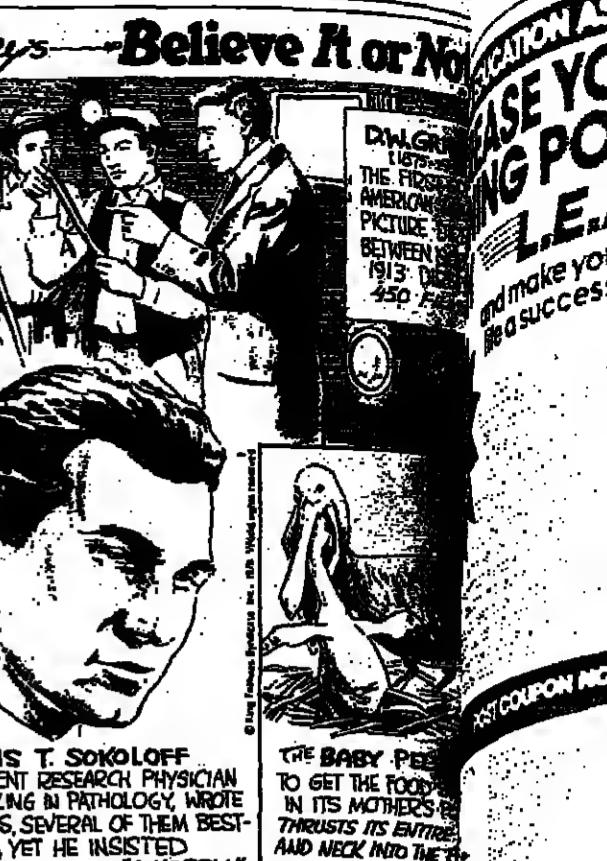
27 "— Kleine Nachtmusik"

volcano

27 Proper

Time period

10-5



Contract Bridge : B. Jay Becker

Maintaining the Status Quo

West dealer. North-South vulnerable.

NORTH	EAST
♦K 5 2	♦K 7 6 3
♦Q 5	♦K 8 4 2
♦A 7 3 2	—
♦K 5 4	♦Q 10 5

WEST	EAST
♦4	♦7 6 3
♦10 3	♦K 8 7 4 2
♦K 9 8 4 2	—
♦Q 10 5	♦J 9 8 7

SOUTH	WEST
♦A Q J 10 8	♦4
♦A 9 5	♦K 6 5
♦O 10 6	♦A 3 2

The bidding:

West North East South

3 0 Pass Pass 3 ♦

Pass 4 ♦

Opening lead — king of diamonds.

"What can defeat me?" is a dominant theme in the play of many hands. Here is a striking example of how the principle is applied. South got to four spades and West led the king of diamonds. declarer covered with the ace, ruffed by East, and East returned a club, won by South with the ace.

After drawing two rounds of trumps, South played a low

10-5

PHARMACIES

(Open Monday Night)

JEDDAH
Al-Hamra Pharmacy
Al-Saib Drug Store
Al-Baghdadih Drug Store
MECCA
Al-Asnah Drug Store
Al-Medina Drug Store
DAMMAM
New Al-Akbas
Al-Adamah Locality

Shohada St., Medina Rd.
Bob Sherif
Al-Baghdadih
two bedrooms
Sun and furnished
apartments
TV antenna

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

MONDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:05	6:24	12:12	3:32	5:55	7:25
Medina	5:09	6:25	12:14	3:31	5:53	7:23
Nejd	4:35	5:55	11:41	2:59	5:50	6:22

DAHHRAN TV

4:30 children's Show
5:15 Grizzly Adams
6:02 Candid Camera
6:22 Survival Safety Film
Smoke Spot
7:32 Persuaders
8:22 Lifeline
9:10 Against the Wind

VOA

P.M.
8:00 News Roundup : Reports ; Actualities ; Opinion : Analyses
8:30 Dateline
9:00 Special English : News
9:30 Music USA : (Standards)
10:00 News Roundup : Reports ; Actualities
10:05 Opening : Analyses

News Summary
10:30 VOC Magazine : America ; Science ; Cultural ; Letter
11:00 Special English : News
11:30 Music USA : (Jazz)

VOA WORLD REPORT
Midnight

12:00 News newsmakers' voices correspondents reports background features media comments news analyses.

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.855 MHz in 25 meter band

MONDAY
Afternoon Transmission
2:00 Opening
2:01 Holy Quran
2:05 Gems of Guidance
2:10 Champions of Solidarity
2:20 'On Islam
2:30 Melody Time
3:00 NEWS
3:10 Press Review
3:15 Music
3:20 Arabic Songs
3:30 selection of Music
3:50 Close Down
Evening Transmission
9:00 Opening
9:01 Holy Quran

9:05 Message to the Faithful
9:10 Light Music
9:15 A Chat and a Song
9:45 Pioneers of Knowledge
9:55 Music
10:00 Youth Welfare
10:10 Music
10:15 NEWS
10:25 S. Chronicle
10:30 The Evening show
11:00 Imp., Com. & Recollections
11:10 Music
11:15 In Concert
11:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
12:00 Close Down

(French Service)

Morning Transmission
8:00 Ouverture
8:02 Lumière sur le Coran
8:15 Musique
8:30 Bonjour
8:35 Variétés
8:45 Orient et Occident
8:55 Variétés
9:00 Informations
9:10 Lumière sur les Informations
9:15 Variétés
9:30 Rapports humains en Islam
9:45 Musique

9:58 Clôture
Evening Transmission
7:00 ouverture
7:02 Versets et Commentaire
7:15 Musique
7:30 Coute et recets
7:45 Chansons panaches
8:15 Jeunesse et Sport
8:20 Variétés
8:30 Informations
8:40 Revue de Presse
8:55 Clôture

BBC

Morning Transmission

8:00 World News
8:09 Twenty-Four Hours
8:30 Sarah Ward
8:45 World Today
9:00 Newsdesk
9:30 Opera Star

10:00 World News
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours
10:30 Sarah Ward
10:45 Something to Show You

11:00 World News
11:09 Reflections
11:15 Piano Style
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978

12:00 World News
12:09 British Press Review
12:15 World Today
12:30 Financial News
12:40 Look Ahead
12:45 The Tony Mynatt

11:00 World News
11:09 Twenty-Four Hours
12:15 Talkabout

12:45 Nature Notebook

1:15 Ulster in Focus
1:30 Discovery

2:00 World News
2:09 News about Britain
2:15 Alphabet of Musical Curios

2:30 Sports International
2:40 Radio Newsreel
3:15 Promende Concert

3:45 Sports Round-up
4:00 World News

2:00 World News
2:19 Commentary

2:15 The Face of England

11:00 World News
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ABDULLAH AL SULEMAN STREET

BEHIND KANDARA HOTEL
TEL: 46266/46305/48410

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The international newspaper of the Arabs

**TERMINATION OF SERVICE**

THE MAURICE DELENS - I.C.A. JOINT VENTURE S.A. ANNOUNCES TO THE PUBLIC THAT SINCE THE 6TH OF OCTOBER 1979, MR. LEON DAN DOMPAS, JAN VAN RIJSWIJKLAAN 213, 2020 ANTWERPEN, BELGIUM, BEARER OF BELGIAN PASSPORT NO. 534040, IS NO LONGER MEMBER OF THE COMPANY IN WHICH HE WAS ACTING AS GENERAL MANAGER.

ANY DECISION, COMMITMENT OR ACTION TAKEN BY HIM AFTER THIS DATE IS THEREFORE NOT VALID AND CANNOT BIND THE COMPANY. THE PUBLIC IS KINDLY INFORMED THAT NO CLAIM IN THIS REGARD WILL BE CONSIDERED AND ANALYSED AFTER THREE DAYS STARTING FROM THIS NOTICE.

TERMINATION OF SERVICE

THE MAURICE DELENS - I.C.A. JOINT VENTURE S.A. ANNOUNCES TO THE PUBLIC THAT SINCE THE 6TH OF OCTOBER 1979, MR. EDMOND DE MEYER, RUE DE SAINT SENOCHE 5, 75017 PARIS, FRANCE, BEARER OF BELGIAN PASSPORT NO. 664417, IS NO LONGER MEMBER OF THE COMPANY IN WHICH HE WAS ACTING AS ASSISTANT-GENERAL MANAGER.

ANY DECISION, COMMITMENT OR ACTION TAKEN BY HIM AFTER THIS DATE IS THEREFORE NOT VALID AND CANNOT BIND THE COMPANY. THE PUBLIC IS KINDLY INFORMED THAT NO CLAIM IN THIS REGARD WILL BE CONSIDERED AND ANALYSED AFTER THREE DAYS STARTING FROM THIS NOTICE.

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